

Bayesian Data-Analysis Toolbox  
Release 4.23, Manual Version 3

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## Chapter 29

# The Image Model Selection Package

The Image Model Selection Package allows you to load one or more Ascii model and then use Bayesian probability theory to compute the posterior probability for the loaded models, thus allowing you to determine which model best accounts for the data.<sup>1</sup> To use this package you do not have to have Fortran or C installed on your server. However, if you do not have Fortran or C installed, you must use the system models. Consequently, installing both Fortran and C is strongly recommended. The interface to this package is shown in Fig. 29.1. To use this package, you must do the following:

**Select** the “Analyze Image Pixel” package from the Package menu.

**Load** one or more Fortran or C model using the “System” or “User” buttons in the “Load And Build Model” widget group.

**Load** an Arrayed image using Files/Load Image menu. viewer. used by the Bayesian Analysis software.

**Load** an Abscissa using Files/Load Abscissa menu.

**Enter** the Standard Deviation of the noise.

**Check** the Use Gaussian widget, if the number of array elements is small. Here small means if the number of parameters being estimated is within a factor of 2 of the number of array elements.

**Select** the server that is to process the analysis.

**Check** the status of the selected server to determine if the server is busy, change to another server if the selected server is busy.

**Run** the the analysis on the selected server by activating the Run button.

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<sup>1</sup>I would like to build a system library of predefined models. If you have models that you think would be of general use, I would like to hear from you. To have one of your models included, I would need the source code, the parameter file, a brief description of the model equations and data requirements.

Figure 29.1: The Interface To The Image Model Selection Package

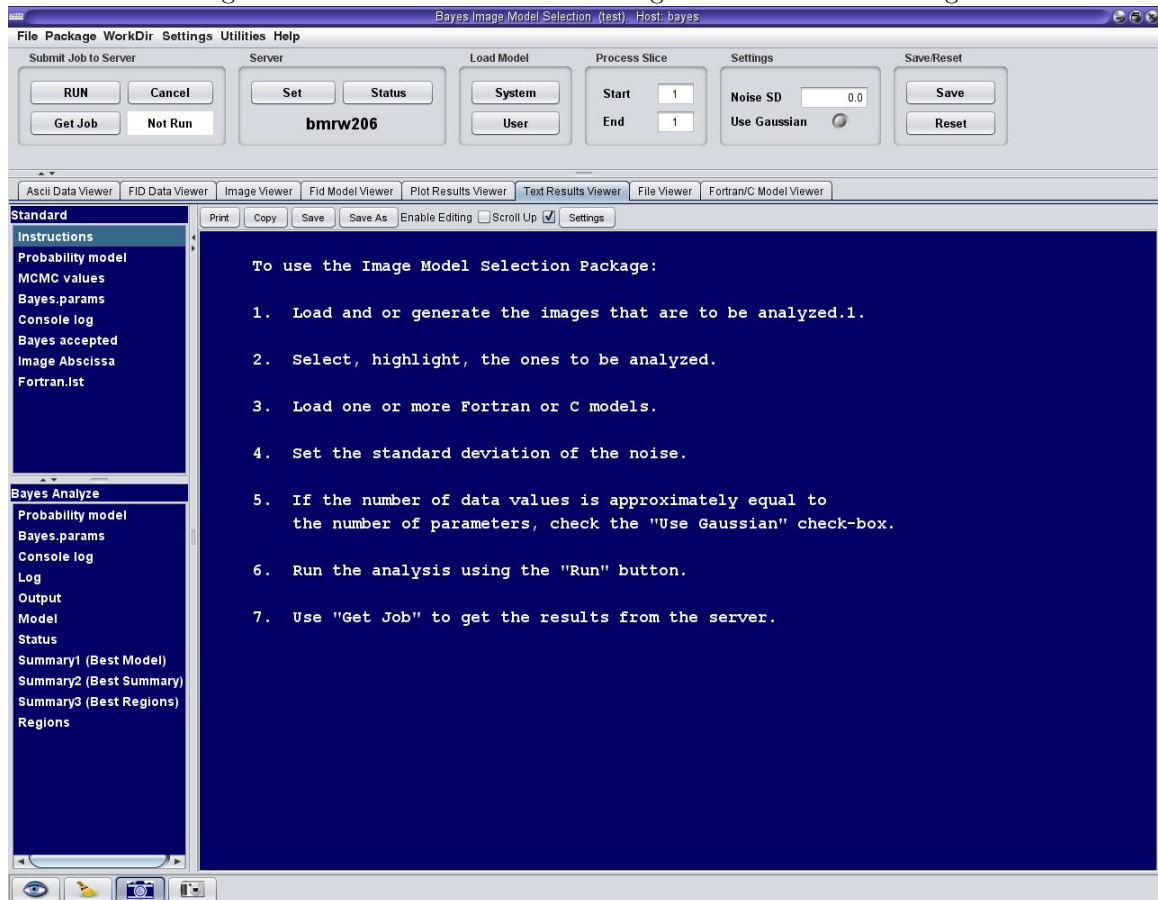


Figure 29.1: The Image Model Selection package allows the user to load an arrayed image and then load several models, either system defined or user defined, and analyze the input image on a pixel by pixel basis using the loaded models. The program that implements this package computes the posterior probability for the modes. Prior to running an analysis, you must also load an appropriate Abscissa file.

**Get** the the results of the analysis by activating the Get Job button. If the analysis is running, this button will return the Accepted report containing the status of the current run. Otherwise, it will fetch and display the results from the current analysis.

## 29.1 The Bayesian Calculations

The Bayesian calculation done in this package is identical to that done in Chapter 22 and we will not repeat that calculation here. However, we will describe how the Image Model Selection package differs from the Enter Ascii Model Selection package. First, the Image Model Selection package process each pixel in an image. That is to say the same calculation is performed on each pixel in the image. It is assumed that the image is arrayed and the models describe the signal in the arrayed pixels. The program does not process all pixels at one time using a common model; rather it process each pixel in parallel.

In the model selection calculation done by the Image Model Selection package, it assumes one has a set of models,  $U_j \equiv \{U_1, \dots, U_m\}$ , and one wishes to compute the posterior probability for each of the  $U_j$  models in every pixel in the image. These models can be loaded from the System directory or they can be loaded from the user directory. They don't need to have common parameters, but they do need to have common data requirements because they all use the same data. Each of these models will have a set of parameters associated with it. Unlike the Analyze Image Pixel routine which output's parameter maps, the Image Model Selection routine cannot output a parameter map because the different models will in general have different parameterizations and consequently no map can be output.

To circumvent this problem, we require the Fortran/C models to have the same derived parameters so that an output parameter map can be generated by the user. How the user constructs these maps, is up to the individual who is writing the Fortran/C codes. For example the exponential models supplied in the system directories, define three output decay rate constants: a low, middle and high decay rate constant. The one exponential model sets the low, middle, and high derived decay rate constants to be equal. The two exponential model, sets the low decay rate to the lowest estimated rate constant, and the middle and high derived rate constant are set to the highest estimated rate constant. Finally, the three exponential model sets the low, middle and high as the three estimated low, middle and high rate constants. By setting the output derived images in this fashion, the low rate constant will always be the lowest decay rate. The middle decay rate will always be second largest decay rate and the high decay rate constant will always be the largest decay rate constant found.

The equation that relates model  $U_j$  to the data is given by:

$$d_{kl}(t_i) = U_j(t_i, \Omega_j) + n_{kl}(t_i) \quad (29.1)$$

where  $d_{kl}(t_i)$  is the data at  $l$ th readout of the  $k$ th phase encode pixel sampled at abscissa values  $t_i$ . The  $t_i$  may be vector valued or it may be a single column of numbers. However, it must have the same number of columns in all loaded models. And it must be the same abscissa for all pixels. The noise is represented symbolically by  $n_{kl}(t_i)$ . The models  $U_j$  can be any system or user defined model and they can use marginalization or not depending on the model.

The program that implements this calculation loops over all of the pixels in the image and performs the model selection calculation described in Enter Ascii Model Selection, Chapter 22.

Equation 22.60 is the joint posterior probability for the nonlinear parameters when the amplitudes are marginalized out of the posterior probability, and Eq. (22.18) is used when there are no parameters marginalized out of the posterior probability. It is these two equations that are targeted by the Markov chain Monte Carlo simulations used to implement the Image Pixel Model Selection Calculation.

## 29.2 Outputs Form The Image Model Selection Package

The test data set contained in the `bayes.test.data/ImagePixelsAll` directory is shown in Fig. 29.2. The test image shown in Fig. 29.2 is a  $5 \times 5 \times 51$ , having a dwell time of 0.1 seconds. So the first data value is a  $t_1 = 0$  and the last data value is at  $t = 5$  seconds. The decay rate constants are 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5 in each row. And the amplitudes are 0, 20, 30, 40 and 50 for each row. The noise has standard deviation of one. When this test data was run, 6 models were loaded: `ExpOneNoConst_Marg.f`, `ExpOneConst_Marg.f`, `ExpTwoNoConst_Marg.f`, `ExpTwoConst_Marg`, `ExpThreeNoConst_Marg.f` and `ExpThreeConst_Marg.f`. The no signal model, model zero, is always loaded and is used to designate which pixels do not have a signal. The posterior probability for the `ExpOneNoConst.f` model is shown Fig. 29.4. Note the black band on the left-hand side of this image. These are the no-signal pixels and the program correctly identified them as containing no signal and did not process them. The nonzero area contains the expected model number in the data. In this case the models are numbers are 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5. Model number zero is the no-signal model, model number 1 is the `ExpOneNoConst_Marg.f` model, etc. I computed the mean and standard deviation in this region and its  $0.986 \pm 0.003$  meaning that single exponential with no constant model was identified with a probability averaging 0.986.

The image model selection package outputs parameter maps of all of the derived parameters. So for example, when testing one, two and three exponential models you get a low, middle and high decay rate constant. Each parameter map comes as a set of three images: the mean parameter, the peak parameter, and the standard deviation of the parameter. The mean parameter map, is the mean or average value of the parameter in all of the Markov chain Monte Carlo simulations. The “peak” value of the parameter is the value of the parameter in the simulation that had maximum posterior probability. Finally, the standard deviation of the parameter is the standard deviation of the parameters computed from all of the samples gathered in the Markov chain Monte Carlo simulation. Additionally, you get maps of the amplitudes that occurs in the model. For example in the exponential model selection example we have been discussing you get both the amplitude and constant offset maps.

There are three additional outputs, one is the average logarithm of the likelihood. And can be used to spot outliers. The posterior probability for the model is output. In this case the expected mean value of the model number is output. For example, in the one, two and three exponential model example. I loaded the one, two and three exponential models in that order. So model number one was the one exponential model, two was the two exponential model, etc. The output model number map, is the average value of the model number for each pixel in the image. Model number zero, is the no signal model and implies that none of the models fit the data than the no signal model.

You also get parameter maps for each of the high probability models. For example if you load the “`ExpOneNoConst.img`” file and run the one, two and three exponential model selection, you will get parameter maps for the one exponential model, but not the two and three. That’s because in this

Figure 29.2: Single Exponential Example Image

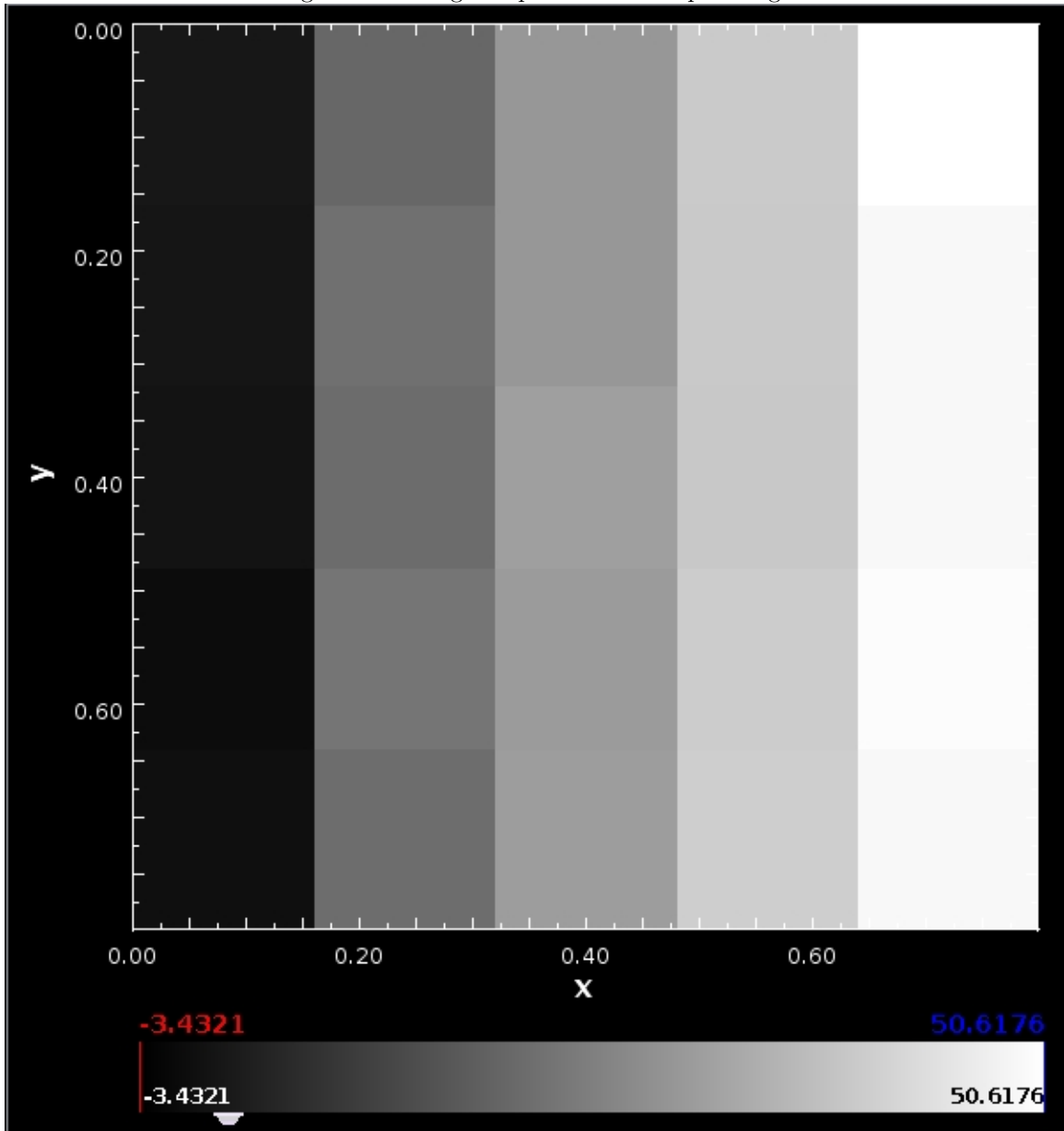


Figure 29.2: This is an test arrayed image that contains exponentially decaying data without a constant. The image was generated so that the decay rate constant in the horizontal rows have decay rate constants of 1, 2, 3, ..., 5. The amplitude of each row is 0, 20, 30, 40, and 50.

Figure 29.3: Single Exponential Example Data

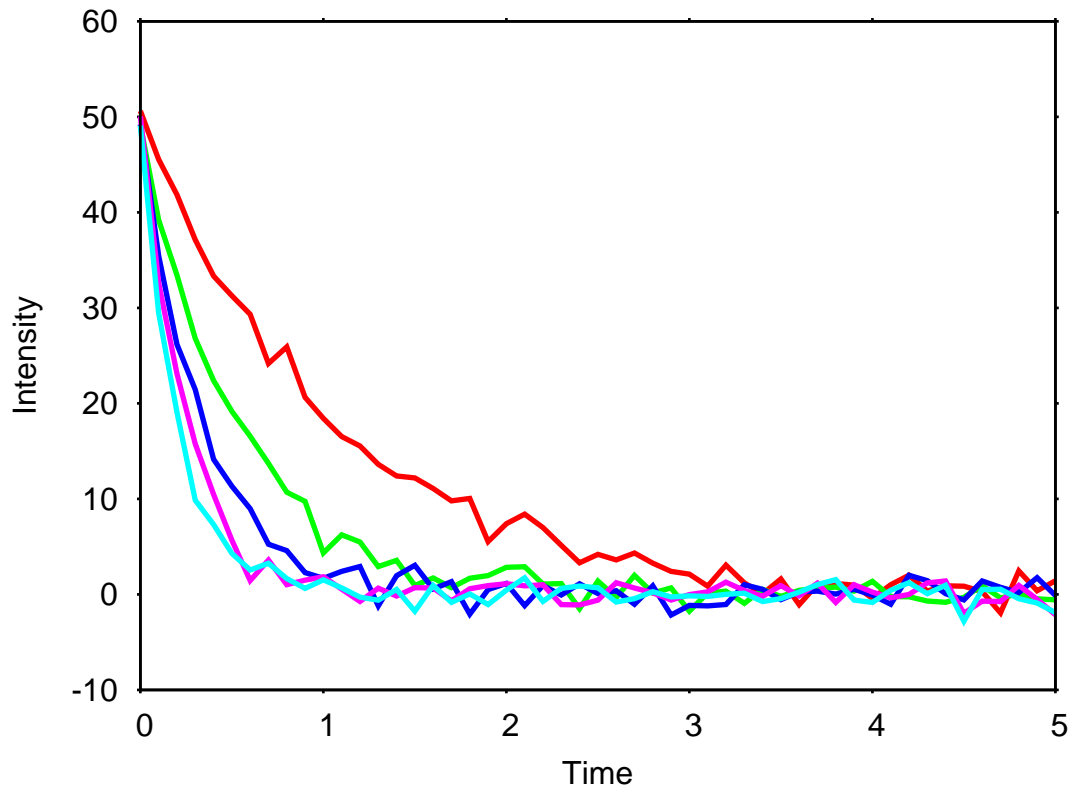


Figure 29.3: If one extracts the arrayed data in the 5th column, you will obtain the 5 exponentially decaying Ascii data sets shown here. Note that the intensity is the same in each data set, but the decay rate constant are rapidly increasing.

Figure 29.4: Posterior Probability For The ExpOneNoConst Model

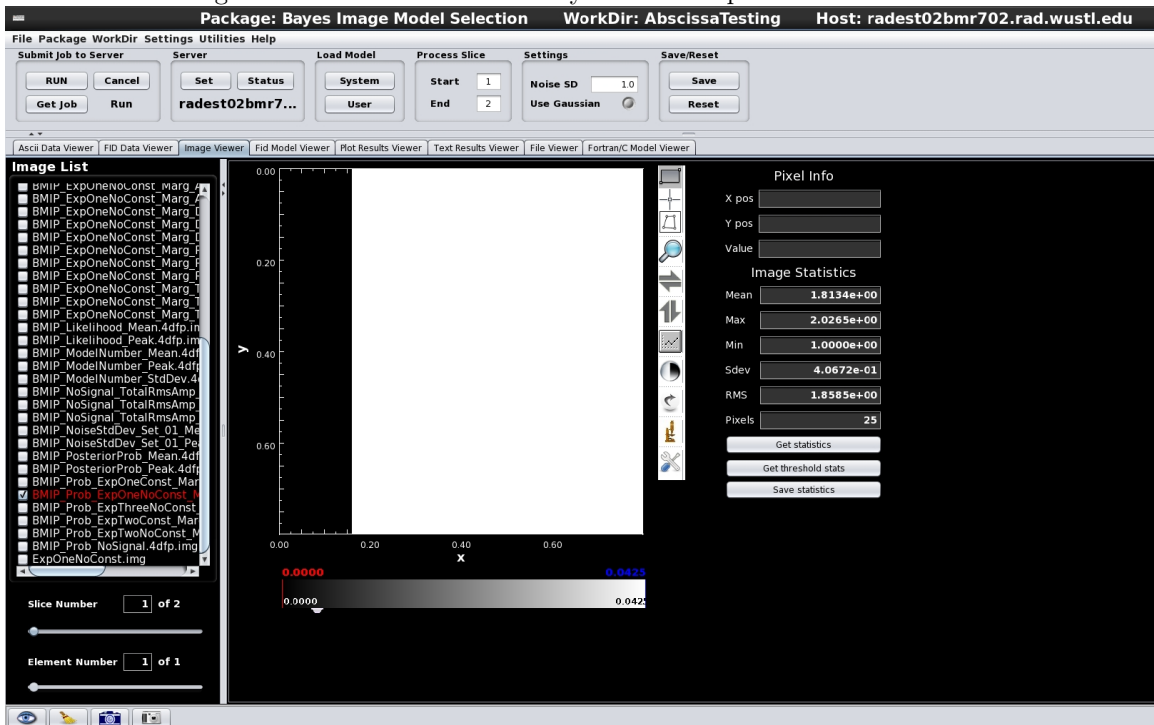


Figure 29.4: The posterior probability distributes itself across all size models being tested. When the posterior probability is near one, the model is almost certain. In this figure, we show the posterior probability for the ExpOneNoConst.f model. The posterior probability averages about  $0.983 \pm 0.003$ , so probability theory is almost positive all of the pixels are single exponential without a constant. And given that this is simulated test data, that is indeed the correct answer.

data set the two and three exponential models are never selected, and so there are no parameters to output.

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